# Package 'flap’ 

June 19, 2024
Type Package
Title Forecast Linear Augmented Projection
Version 0.2.0
Description The Forecast Linear Augmented Projection (flap) method reduces forecast variance by adjusting the forecasts of multivariate time series to be consistent with the forecasts of linear combinations (components) of the series by projecting all forecasts onto the space where the linear constraints are satisfied. The forecast variance can be reduced monotonically by including more components. For a given number of components, the flap method achieves maximum forecast variance reduction among linear projections.
License GPL (>=3)
Encoding UTF-8
URL https://github.com/FinYang/flap
BugReports https://github.com/FinYang/flap/issues/
Imports corpcor, utils
RoxygenNote 7.2.3
Suggests forecast, stats

## NeedsCompilation no

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\text { flap . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 2
$$

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## Description

Reduces forecast variance by adjusting the forecasts of multivariate time series to be consistent with the forecasts of linear combinations (components) of the series by projecting all forecasts onto the space where the linear constraints are satisfied.

## Usage

flap(fc, fc_comp, Phi, res, res_comp, p = seq_len(ncol(fc_comp)))

## Arguments

fc An $h$ by $m$ matrix of base forecasts of the original series to be projected. $h$ is the forecast horizon and $m$ is the total number of series.
fc_comp An $h$ by $p$ matrix of base forecasts of the components used in the projection. $h$ is the forecast horizon and $p$ is the total number of components.
Phi A $p$ by $m$ weight matrix mapping the original series into the components such that $c_{t}=\Phi z_{t}$ where $c_{t}$ is the vector of components and $z_{t}$ is the vector of original series.
res A $T$ by $m$ (in-sample) forecast residual matrix of the original series.
res_comp A $T$ by $p$ (in-sample) forecast residual matrix of the components.
$\mathrm{p} \quad$ The number of components to use in the projection. The default is trying all the possible number of components capped at the number provided in the forecast.

## Value

A list of class flap with each element containing a $h$ by $m$ matrix of projected forecast of the original series for the corresponding number of components $p$.

## Examples

```
# Generate example data
# T = 70, m = 20
train <- matrix(rnorm(70 * 20),ncol = 20)
# Obtain the forecast and the residual of the original series
mdl <- apply(train, 2, forecast::ets)
fc <- vapply(mdl, function(mdl) forecast::forecast(mdl, h=12)$mean,
    FUN.VALUE = numeric(12))
res <- vapply(mdl, residuals, FUN.VALUE = numeric(70))
# Obtain components and their forecasts and residuals
pca <- stats::prcomp(train, center = FALSE, scale. = FALSE)
mdl_comp <- apply(pca$x, 2, forecast::ets)
```

fc_comp <- vapply(mdl_comp, function(mdl) forecast::forecast(mdl, h=12)\$mean, FUN.VALUE = numeric(12))
res_comp <- vapply(mdl_comp, residuals, FUN.VALUE $=$ numeric $(\operatorname{nrow}(p c a \$ x)))$
Phi <- t(pca\$rotation)
\# flap!
flap(fc, fc_comp, Phi, res, res_comp)

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